## SACADA Database Code: 636

Topology: 4<sup>3</sup>T194-CA

# of independent nodes (IN): 3
Transitivity: [3553]
Space Group: Pcca
Pearson: oP16
Coordination Number (CN): 4

Year: 2023

## Data

Name	Pressure, GPa	Density, g/cm³	Gap, eV	Relative energy, eV/atom	Bulk, GPa	Shear, GPa	Vickers, GPa	Refs
4 <sup>3</sup> T194-CA (SACADA #636)		3.489		0.427	420.5	459.1	85.4	SACADA <sup>1</sup>
4 <sup>3</sup> T194-CA								doi: 10.1107/S205252062300255X മ

## Elasticity tensor (kBar)<sup>1</sup>

12657.5868	498.2442	977.6062	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
498.2442	8986.9202	1845.9520	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000
977.6062	1845.9520	9751.4357	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000
0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	4421.7627	0.0000	-0.0000
0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	4264.2055	0.0000
-0.0000	-0.0000	-0.0000	-0.0000	-0.0000	5162.0122

<sup>1</sup> We apply the density functional theory (DFT) approach by using the Vienna Ab Initio Simulation Package (VASP) to calculate the total energy and properties of carbon allotropes.

## **DFT calculations**

We apply the density functional theory (DFT) approach by using the Vienna Ab Initio Simulation Package (VASP) package [6] to calculate the total energy of carbon allotropes. The Generalized Gradient Approximation [7] (GGA) for exchange-correlational functional is used everywhere. The energy cutoff set to 600 eV. Fully automatic  $\Gamma$ -centered k-points mesh with a reciprocal-space resolution of  $2\pi \times 0.025$  Å<sup>-1</sup> is applied. We used tetrahedron method with Blöchl corrections to perform the k-point integration. The convergence thresholds are set at  $10^{-6}$  eV for energy and  $10^{-5}$  eV Å<sup>-1</sup> for ionic forces. Polycrystalline elastic moduli — the bulk modulus, the shear modulus, Young's modulus, and the Poisson's ratio  $\nu$  — have been calculated within the Voigt-Reuss-Hill [8] approximation. The Vicker's hardness H<sub>v</sub> has been estimated according to Oganov's model [9].