

SACADA Database Code: 680

Topology: 4⁴T51-CA

of independent nodes (IN): 4
Transitivity: [4(12)(12)6]
Space Group: Pnna
Pearson: oP32
Coordination Number (CN): 4

Year: 2023

Data

Name	Pressure, GPa	Density, g/cm ³	Gap, eV	Relative energy, eV/atom	Bulk, GPa	Shear, GPa	Vickers, GPa	Refs
4 ⁴ T51-CA (SACADA #680)		3.493		0.364	421.1	482.9	90.9	SACADA ¹
4 ⁴ T51-CA								doi: 10.1107/S205252062300255X 📄

Elasticity tensor (kBar)¹

10926.9030	825.4581	438.8873	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
825.4581	12334.3397	183.4497	-0.0000	-0.0000	-0.0000
438.8873	183.4497	11780.6137	-0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000
-0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	4639.8594	0.0000	-0.0000
0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	4550.7031	-0.0000
0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	3978.7011

¹ We apply the density functional theory (DFT) approach by using the Vienna Ab Initio Simulation Package (VASP) to calculate the total energy and properties of carbon allotropes.

DFT calculations

We apply the density functional theory (DFT) approach by using the Vienna Ab Initio Simulation Package (VASP) package [6] to calculate the total energy of carbon allotropes. The Generalized Gradient Approximation [7] (GGA) for exchange-correlational functional is used everywhere. The energy cutoff set to 600 eV. Fully automatic Γ -centered k-points mesh with a reciprocal-space resolution of $2\pi \times 0.025 \text{ \AA}^{-1}$ is applied. We used tetrahedron method with Blöchl corrections to perform the k-point integration. The convergence thresholds are set at 10^{-6} eV for energy and 10^{-5} eV $\text{\AA}^{-1}$ for ionic forces. Polycrystalline elastic moduli — the bulk modulus, the shear modulus, Young’s modulus, and the Poisson’s ratio ν — have been calculated within the Voigt-Reuss-Hill [8] approximation. The Vicker’s hardness H_v has been estimated according to Oganov’s model [9].