

SACADA Database Code: 620

Topology: deh2

of independent nodes (IN): 3
Transitivity: [3786]
Space Group: Cmc
Pearson: oS32
Coordination Number (CN): 4

Year: 2021

Data

Name	Pressure, GPa	Density, g/cm ³	Gap, eV	Relative energy, eV/atom	Bulk, GPa	Shear, GPa	Vickers, GPa	Refs
deh2 (SACADA #620)		3.350		0.259	405.5	416.1	75.7	SACADA ¹
deh2								doi: 10.1038/s41524-021-00491-y

Elasticity tensor (kBar)¹

9078.5567	948.3904	997.3315	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
948.3904	11084.2857	1104.0398	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
997.3315	1104.0398	10363.0568	-0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000
-0.0000	-0.0000	-0.0000	3900.2884	0.0000	0.0000
0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	4844.3583	-0.0000
0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	3177.2886

¹ We apply the density functional theory (DFT) approach by using the Vienna Ab Initio Simulation Package (VASP) to calculate the total energy and properties of carbon allotropes.

DFT calculations

We apply the density functional theory (DFT) approach by using the Vienna Ab Initio Simulation Package (VASP) package [6] to calculate the total energy of carbon allotropes. The Generalized Gradient Approximation [7] (GGA) for exchange-correlational functional is used everywhere. The energy cutoff set to 600 eV. Fully automatic Γ -centered k-points mesh with a reciprocal-space resolution of $2\pi \times 0.025 \text{ \AA}^{-1}$ is applied. We used tetrahedron method with Blöchl corrections to perform the k-point integration. The convergence thresholds are set at 10^{-6} eV for energy and 10^{-5} eV $\text{\AA}^{-1}$ for ionic forces. Polycrystalline elastic moduli — the bulk modulus, the shear modulus, Young’s modulus, and the Poisson’s ratio ν — have been calculated within the Voigt-Reuss-Hill [8] approximation. The Vicker’s hardness H_v has been estimated according to Oganov’s model [9].