

SACADA Database Code: 591

Topology: 4³T167-CA

of independent nodes (IN): 3
Transitivity: [3794]
Space Group: P42/mmc
Pearson: tP32
Coordination Number (CN): 4

Year: 2021

Data

Name	Pressure, GPa	Density, g/cm ³	Gap, eV	Relative energy, eV/atom	Bulk, GPa	Shear, GPa	Vickers, GPa	Refs
4 ³ T167-CA (SACADA #591)		2.695		1.043	220.9	98.8	13.6	SACADA ¹
4 ³ T167-CA								doi: 10.1038/s41524-021-00491-y ↗

Elasticity tensor (kBar)¹

3572.8248	582.4900	1451.9033	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
582.4900	3572.8248	1451.9033	-0.0000	-0.0000	-0.0000
1451.9033	1451.9033	7469.1990	-0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000
0.0000	-0.0000	-0.0000	381.8854	-0.0000	0.0000
0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	861.3481	0.0000
0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	861.3481

¹ We apply the density functional theory (DFT) approach by using the Vienna Ab Initio Simulation Package (VASP) to calculate the total energy and properties of carbon allotropes.

DFT calculations

We apply the density functional theory (DFT) approach by using the Vienna Ab Initio Simulation Package (VASP) package [6] to calculate the total energy of carbon allotropes. The Generalized Gradient Approximation [7] (GGA) for exchange-correlational functional is used everywhere. The energy cutoff set to 600 eV. Fully automatic Γ -centered k-points mesh with a reciprocal-space resolution of $2\pi \times 0.025 \text{ \AA}^{-1}$ is applied. We used tetrahedron method with Blöchl corrections to perform the k-point integration. The convergence thresholds are set at 10^{-6} eV for energy and 10^{-5} eV $\text{\AA}^{-1}$ for ionic forces. Polycrystalline elastic moduli — the bulk modulus, the shear modulus, Young’s modulus, and the Poisson’s ratio ν — have been calculated within the Voigt-Reuss-Hill [8] approximation. The Vicker’s hardness H_v has been estimated according to Oganov’s model [9].