

**SACADA Database Code: 572**

Topology: 4<sup>3</sup>T147-CA

# of independent nodes (IN): 3  
Transitivity: [3862]  
Space Group: Pnna  
Pearson: oP24  
Coordination Number (CN): 4

Year: 2021

**Data**

| Name                                 | Pressure, GPa | Density, g/cm <sup>3</sup> | Gap, eV | Relative energy, eV/atom | Bulk, GPa | Shear, GPa | Vickers, GPa | Refs                                                                                          |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|----------------------------|---------|--------------------------|-----------|------------|--------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 4 <sup>3</sup> T147-CA (SACADA #572) |               | 3.223                      |         | 0.321                    | 388.5     | 391.6      | 70.6         | SACADA <sup>1</sup>                                                                           |
| 4 <sup>3</sup> T147-CA               |               |                            |         |                          |           |            |              | doi: <a href="https://doi.org/10.1038/s41524-021-00491-y">10.1038/s41524-021-00491-y</a><br>↗ |

**Elasticity tensor (kBar)<sup>1</sup>**

|           |           |           |           |           |           |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| 8958.1848 | 795.2739  | 1792.8761 | -0.0000   | 0.0000    | -0.0000   |
| 795.2739  | 9091.2246 | 1196.7435 | -0.0000   | 0.0000    | -0.0000   |
| 1792.8761 | 1196.7435 | 9403.6535 | 0.0000    | 0.0000    | 0.0000    |
| -0.0000   | -0.0000   | 0.0000    | 3810.9838 | -0.0000   | -0.0000   |
| -0.0000   | 0.0000    | -0.0000   | -0.0000   | 4126.0919 | 0.0000    |
| -0.0000   | -0.0000   | 0.0000    | -0.0000   | -0.0000   | 3787.4202 |

<sup>1</sup> We apply the density functional theory (DFT) approach by using the Vienna Ab Initio Simulation Package (VASP) to calculate the total energy and properties of carbon allotropes.

**DFT calculations**

We apply the density functional theory (DFT) approach by using the Vienna Ab Initio Simulation Package (VASP) package [6] to calculate the total energy of carbon allotropes. The Generalized Gradient Approximation [7] (GGA) for exchange-correlational functional is used everywhere. The energy cutoff set to 600 eV. Fully automatic  $\Gamma$ -centered k-points mesh with a reciprocal-space resolution of  $2\pi \times 0.025 \text{ \AA}^{-1}$  is applied. We used tetrahedron method with Blöchl corrections to perform the k-point integration. The convergence thresholds are set at  $10^{-6}$  eV for energy and  $10^{-5}$  eV  $\text{\AA}^{-1}$  for ionic forces. Polycrystalline elastic moduli — the bulk modulus, the shear modulus, Young’s modulus, and the Poisson’s ratio  $\nu$  — have been calculated within the Voigt-Reuss-Hill [8] approximation. The Vicker’s hardness  $H_v$  has been estimated according to Oganov’s model [9].